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The Republican Ticket

CONGRESSIONAL.

First District—
CHAS. G. WILLIAMS, of Rock.
Second District—
L. E. CASWELL, of Jefferson.
Third District—
GEOR. C. HAZELTON, of Grant.
Fifth District—
HUBERT SMITH, of Sheboygan.
Sixth District—
GEORGE GRIMMER, of Kewaunee.
Seventh District—
M. L. HUMPHREY, of St. Croix.
Eighth District—
THAD. C. FOUNT, of Chippewa.

SENATORIAL.

For State Senator—Seventh District—
HAMILTON RICHARDSON,
of Janesville.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff—
JOHN J. COMSTOCK, of Janesville.
For Register of Deeds—
CHARLES L. VALENTINE,
of Janesville.
For County Treasurer—
WILLIS MILES, Town of Janesville.
For County Clerk—
SILVSTER MORGAN, of Lima.
For District Attorney—
JOHN W. SALE, of Janesville.
For Clerk of the Court—
A. W. BALDWIN, of Milton.
For County Surveyor—
EDWARD EUGER, of Janesville.
For Coroner—
WILLIAM TAYLOR, of Fulton.

MR. DOOLITTLE'S ADDRESS.

We are indebted to Hon. James R. Doolittle for an advanced copy of his address which he delivered on Thursday, at the State Fair, but owing to its great length we were unable to publish it. We wish, however, to give some leading thoughts of the address, though we by no means agree with him in all he says. None will probably disagree with the Judge's estimate of the future possibilities of the Northwestern States so far as their agricultural resources are concerned. There is no doubt that agriculture is still in its infancy in many parts of the United States, and that especially in the West we have a great deal of "shoddy" farming, very much as we have a great deal of shoddy everything else. The Judge thinks the six States—Michigan, Iowa, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota and Wisconsin—capable of feeding 100 millions of people, if scientific agriculture could exist and small farms be tilled. He does not believe in fancy farming—farming after the fashion of Greeley, Evans and Beecher, who put five dollars on their farms for every one taken off, and whose butter cost one dollar a pound and eggs one dollar a dozen. He recommends small farms well cultivated, and seems to favor the enactment of a law which will prevent a man owning above so many acres of ground. Like Kearney, he complains of land monopoly, and wants it abolished. According to Judge Doolittle's theory of farming, and his opposition to large farmers whom he calls land monopolists, he stands on the same platform as the Communists. He cited Minnesota's great farmer—Dairymple—who this year harvested 13,000 acres of wheat and threshed over 325,000 bushels. Dairymple's enterprise in working four hundred men, five hundred horses, eighty seed sowers, a hundred and sixty plows, two hundred steel harrows, eighty self-binding reapers, and fifteen threshing machines, is called by Doolittle a monopoly, which tends "to produce great landlords on the one hand and practical serfs on the other." The Judge gives "us to infer that he would have our government adopt the policy of the Roman government in distributing lands—limit them to a very few acres, say fifty for each family, and prohibit them from owning or working any more. This is the Communistic idea about agriculture, and is strange that a man of Judge Doolittle's ability, experience in public life, general culture, should run after so foolish and impracticable a doctrine.

When the Judge reached the financial and the panic questions, he had nearly finished his speech. He ascribed the panic and the general depression of business, to the war. Of course he was right. The panic could not have been prevented. Prices became inflated, money was made easily and it was spent lavishly. People lived extravagantly, and when the day of reckoning came, many were unprepared to meet it and were ruined by the crash. When the Judge was done with the cause of the present financial troubles, he began to show his demagogism, for which there was no possible excuse. Regardless of his position as a speaker at an agricultural fair, when he should have been above the influence of party, he stooped as low as the lowest partisan could do on the stump. He charged that thousands of millions of dollars had been wrung from the people to fill the pockets of special classes—the favored few in whose interests the laws are made. Judge Doolittle could not tell how and when these thousands of millions were wrung out of the people. He did not attempt it. He was too shrewd for that, but was unmanly enough to make the charge when he knew very well not one word of it could be sustained. Demagogues deal in that kind of talk—not honorable men.

THE DEMOCRATS OF THE SECOND DISTRICT

met in Convention on Thursday, and nominated R. E. Davis for Congress. One wing of the party was in favor of endorsing Tenny, the Infatuationist, but the more conservative of the party would not agree to such a trade. The platform adopted by the Democrats, meets the so-called Greenbackers half way. It pronounces against the payment of the rebel debt; favors the free coinage of silver; wants the National banks abolished and their bills replaced by Treasury notes; favors the old debts being made a legal tender for all debts public and private; and opposes contraction, inflation, and repudiation. Mr. Brooks, of the Watertown Democrat, offered a substitute which contained some sound sentiments on the financial question, agreeing with the Republican idea of honest money, but it was voted down. Davis is what might be called a political demagogue. We say this much without any intention of doing him a wrong. He is a wide-awake, shrewd, able young man, but he is a professional politician. He is anything to win—hard or soft, Republican or Democrat. He has been on all sides of politics, and is ready to flip again at the moment when it will pay the best.

The great bug-bear to the inflationists are the National banks. Suppose they were abolished, and the 324 millions of their notes were replaced by Treasury notes, how would that help the people? The banks already, as we have before stated, pay more in taxes to the general government and the States, than they receive in interest on the bonds, so that the opposition to them on the charge that they are a monopoly or a burden to the people, is the sheerest nonsense.

In the Eighth District the Democrats sold and delivered themselves to the Infatuationists on Wednesday, by endorsing their candidate for Congress—Speaker A. R. Barrows. The delegates from Chippewa and Marathon counties refused to be swallowed, and left the Convention. This is quite favorable for the re-election of Thad Fount.

The Manitowoc Chronicle, a Democratic paper, bolts the nomination of Bragg for Congress. Bragg dared the Convention which gave him the nomination, to adopt a sound money platform, and for this reason the hard money Democrats will not vote for him.

The Man Murch, a Communist, elected to Congress in Maine, in place of Eugene Hale, can neither read nor write. Do the Democrats, who contributed largely to his election, admire his qualification for the office?

The Infatuationists are eating the turkey and giving the crow to Democrats. A poor bill of fare, but the Democracy is getting used to it and seem to gulp it down with a relish.

President Hayes succeeded in capturing the good will and the confidence of the Germans in Milwaukee. He made capital wherever he traveled in the Northwestern States.

The Janesville Times, the old Democratic paper of Rock Co., refused to support C. H. Parker for Congress and advised Democrats to vote for C. G. Williams, as one of the best Congressmen ever sent from Wisconsin.—White Water Register.

How does the Times like that for news?

The State fair closed to-day. It has not been as successful as was anticipated by the officers and the Madisonians. The receipts will not exceed those of last year.

The Democrats have got Butler, and it will prove a serious question to them what to do with him. They will gladly dispose of him at any price after the election.

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

VOLUME 22

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1878.

NUMBER 161

A FRIGHTFUL PICTURE.

Such is the Dispatch from Holly Springs.

Sad Condition of the Fever Victims at Memphis.

Yesterday's Death Roll at Vicksburg.

Reports of the Disease at Various Points.

The Fatality Among Physicians and Nurses.

J. Madison Welles Reported as Dangerously Ill at his Home in Louisiana.

The Great Festival at Queen's Park, Milwaukee.

Over Seven Thousand Dollars Realized for the Fever Sufferers.

Further Returns from the Late Election in Maine.

The Republicans will Probably Elect the State Ticket.

Other Interesting State Political and Miscellaneous Items.

THE PLACUE.

A Frightful Picture—New Cases and Deaths—The Latest Report From the South.

HOLLY SPRINGS, Miss., Sept. 12.—We have no banks. Supplies should be sent by express. The fever is fearful, and we need help. Deaths to-day: J. R. Dancy and wife, Miss Virginia, Monasia Lynch (colored), Henry Eppe (colored). Twenty-six new cases, fourteen white and twelve colored.

NEW ORLEANS, Miss., Sept. 12.—The weather is clear, cold and windy. New cases, 212; deaths, 57. The death list contains the names of fourteen children under 7 years. Dr. Herndon died to-day of fever. Among new cases are C. H. Cottrell, well-known telegrapher, and Thos. E. Graham, clerk Western Union Telegraph Company.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 12.—From 6 o'clock yesterday evening to noon to-day sixty-two deaths are reported, among whom are several most prominent citizens, such as Dr. B. W. Avert, Judge Robert Hutchinson, Captain A. T. Lacy, Professor E. S. Francis, and Captain William Elliott. Sister Vincenta is also dead.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Sept. 12.—The weather has been cloudy, with a very cool, strong north wind since yesterday. Thermometer, 84. Among the deaths to-day are A. C. Culley, merchant; Dr. Pottel and Dr. Bichefeldt, of Chattanooga, who came here to aid our sufferers. Two doctors—Bichefeldt and Norris—with ten nurses, came from Chattanooga. Both doctors are dead and nine of the nurses are sick.

The deaths yesterday were 42, and to-day 31. The new cases are unknown, but it is generally thought by druggists that the fever is decreasing in new cases for want of material. The fever is spreading throughout Warren County. The Howard Association estimate 3,000 cases and 500 deaths since the fever first appeared.

CAROLINA, Sept. 12.—Tom Nally, editor of the Carolinian, died of yellow fever to-day. Mr. McMulkey, working on the same paper, is now very low with it. No other cases reported. The weather is cool. People are leaving the city. The Bulletin has suspended publication for the present.

GENEADA, Miss., Sept. 12.—Fourteen new cases and two deaths to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 12.—Ex-Gov. Wells, of the Returning Board is lying dangerously ill at his home in Rapides Parish.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 12.—From 8,000 to 10,000 people attended the grand festival for the yellow fever sufferers, in Queen's Park, this afternoon and evening, and it is estimated that the money and provisions realized by the affair will aggregate about \$7,000. President Hayes and suite visited the grounds for half an hour, and were heartily welcomed. The President responded briefly, and was loudly cheered during his remarks.

MAINE.

A Good Chance for the Republican State Ticket.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 12.—A dispatch from Maine, received here, indicates that the Republicans are likely to secure their Governor by the action of the Legislature, notwithstanding the failure of the people to elect. The reason assigned is that there is no certainty that the Democrats and Greenbackers will combine. Their combined majority will not be more than three or four in any event, and the result in the district not yet returned may bring it down to one or two. In that event Connor's name will be sent in.

In Franklin county one sound hard-money Democratic Representative was elected, and he was pledged beforehand to send Connor's and Garcelon's names to the Senate. It is believed that there are other straight hard-money Democrats who will combine with the Republicans to send up Connor and Garcelon's names rather than by their votes endorse the Greenback heresy by voting for Smith. Enough will prefer Connor and a sound currency to Smith and his paper heresy. With Connor and Garcelon before the State, the former will be elected, as the Senate is Republican.

A WHITE CRAVAT.

TRIAL OF REV. W. W. AMES, at Menomonee, Oct. for Adultery.

MEMONONEE, Wis., Sept. 12.—The jury in the case of the State vs. Rev. W. W. Ames, for the crime of adultery, were out all night and failing to agree were discharged this forenoon. They voted 11 for acquittal against 1 for conviction. Both

THE OFFICERS.

The Annual Election of the State Agricultural Society.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 12.—This evening there was the annual meeting of the State Agricultural Society in the Capitol, the President of the society, the Hon. N. D. Pratt, presiding. The attendance was quite full. The annual election of officers resulted as follows:

President—N. D. Pratt.
Vice Presidents—C. Lottus Martin, A. A. Boyce, J. H. Warren, Harrison Ludington, St. Clair, R. D. Torrey, J. S. Dorr, and G. S. Plummer.

Secretary—George E. Bryant.
Treasurer—Cyrus Miner.

The additional members of the Executive Committee are: C. Babbitt, W. H. Fox, W. W. Field, A. A. Arnold, W. D. Bacon, C. Hazen, W. Lyslaught, and Eli Stilson.

THE PRESIDENT.

His Reception At Kenosha—Favorable Impression Among the People.

KENOSHA, Wis., Sept. 12.—The special train conveying the President arrived at Kenosha at 4:30 p. m. The President and Mrs. Hayes stepped upon the platform that had been erected for their occupancy, and President Hayes spoke with manifest earnestness about fifteen minutes. The large crowd at the depot were favorably impressed with the President's manner and appearance. A handsome bouquet, the gift of the ladies of Kenosha, was presented to Mrs. Hayes.

CONFIRMED.

The Validity of the Kentucky Lottery Confirmed by the Courts.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 12.—Various actions have been instituted by the Attorney General to test the validity of the Kentucky State Lottery grants. The Court of Appeals decided to-day that the Legislature had no power to repeal the grants under which the rights had become vested or obligations incurred, and confirmed the validity of the Henry Academy and Henry Female College, the grant owned by Simmons & Dickinson, the proprietors of all the Kentucky State lotteries.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Miram Smith, of Sheboygan, Nominated for Congress.

SHEBOYGAN, Wis., September 12.—Miram Smith, of Sheboygan, President of the Northwestern Dairyman's Association, was nominated by the Fifth District Republicans to-day for Congress, on a firm hard-money platform. J. H. Mead, of Sheboygan, the first choice of the Convention, owing to business relations, declined.

SITTING BULL.

A Great Sensation—Sitting Bull Reported Ready for Another War.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 12.—The report has just reached here that over 1,000 hostile Sioux are on Sunday Creek, near Fort Custer. An officer of the Mounted Police arriving here to-day from Fort Benton says Sitting Bull and his entire force are on this side of the line, splendidly armed and equipped.

FROST.

Fears Entertained that the Cranberry Crop is Injured.

WAUSAU, Sept. 11.—The first frost of the season came last night and it is feared has done much damage to the cranberry crop. All kinds of garden stuff was frosted, and in places ice formed a quarter of an inch in thickness.

FIRE BUGS.

The Waukegan Authorities Offer a Reward for their Capture.

WAUKEGAN, Sept. 12.—At a special meeting of the village Board this afternoon a reward of \$500 was offered for the apprehension and conviction of the incendiaries of Wednesday morning.

REDEMPTION IN SILVER.

The Resources of the Treasury—The West Expected to Call for Silver.

By Telegraph to the New York Tribune.

WASHINGTON, September 11.—The capacity of the Treasury Department for the redemption of greenbacks in silver after the 16th will be limited to the amount of silver which the mints have already coined and which they can coin as the process of exchange goes on. The amount of standard silver dollars already coined is about \$12,000,000, of which \$2,000,000 has already been paid out, and \$10,000,000 remains in the Treasury. The capacity of the mints at present for the coinage of silver dollars is between \$3,500,000 and \$4,000,000 per month. This limit is, however, believed to be ample for all demands which will be made upon the Treasury under privilege now accorded.

It is too early yet to express an opinion as to what extent the people will take advantage of the opportunity to exchange the familiar and convenient greenback for silver dollars. Under former options the dollars have not been taken to any great extent, but certain indications lead to the belief that several millions may be absorbed in the West for business purposes, and remain permanently in circulation. It is probable, however, that the greater part of the coin which may be called for in exchange for greenbacks will come directly back into the Treasury through the Custom House.

It is thought that the present movement will reduce the small premium on gold still remaining.

There was no nonsense about Petruccio when he undertook to kiss a woman. At his wedding, according to William Shakespeare, "He took the bride by the neck and kissed her lips with such a clamorous smack, that, at the party, all the church did echo." And you should have seen Petruccio, playing Copenhagen at a

History of the Corset.

From the London Court Journal.

The corset had its origin in Italy, and was introduced from that country into France by Catherine de Medici. Mary Stuart and Diane de Poitiers did not, however, follow the fashion but it was at once admitted by all the ladies of the French court that it was indispensable to the beauty of the female figure, and was, therefore, adopted by them. The corset was in those days in its infancy, and it assumed the form of the rough, clumsy, and of a knight's cuirass. The frame was entirely of iron, and the velvet which decorated the exterior hid a frightful and cumbersome machine. This state of things, so detrimental to health and the cause of so much personal inconvenience, not to say torture, could not last long, and the artisans of those days contrived to give more pliability and lightness to the metal, and prepared the way by degrees for whalebone. But as Reforms are always slow, the cold iron continued to clasp the warm hearts of the fair wearers for a long time in its encase, and even contrives to the present day, under the name of baser, who can blame its perpetuity? The corset found favor in the eyes of Louis XIV. In the following reign the corset was threatened with banishment from the toilet. Fashion took a rural and simple turn, and was almost guided by the taste of Boucher, in whose pictures our court ladies dressed as shepherds and shepherdesses. But the painter departed, fashion returned to the prim eccentricities of former times. During the revolution the corset was again forgotten, and under the Directory it was completely interdicted by the fashionable world. The belles of the day took a classic turn, and aped the Roman dress—the stola, the palla, the Empire de-throned the classic fashion, but without taking the corset in favor. High waists were in favor, and la mode revealed in a taste certainly the reverse of prudery. With the fall of the Empire fell also the waist, and then came also, as a necessity, the return to the corset.

Elephants in a Quicksand.

On the River Ganges (says an English military journal) there are many quicksands, and during our expedition, a somewhat distressing scene happened. An elephant incautiously came within the vortex of one; first one foot sank, then another; and, in endeavoring to extricate himself, matters became worse; no portion of either of his legs was at last visible, and the elephant, who had gradually sunk up to his nostrils, being fortunately unusually powerful, he, three times, with what appeared to all supernatural strength, drew a foot from the closely clinging earth, placed it where, by sounding with his trunk, he found the most solid; but not the third time did he succeed in bearing his trunk, he gradually released himself. During the whole period of his troubles his cries were exceedingly dolorous, and might have been heard a couple of miles; his grunt, when they were at an end, was equally indicative of satisfaction. The internal application of a bottle of strong spirits dispelled his trembling and restored his equanimity.

Many unfortunate elephants are lost in these treacherous sands, when large quantities of grass or branches of trees are not at hand to form an available support for them. After a certain time the poor beast becomes powerless, and the owner can only look with sorrow at the gradual disappearance of his noble animal, and lament the pecuniary loss he thereby suffers, for all human aid is futile. They have been known to be twelve hours before entirely sinking.

A German inventor has recently wreaked his vengeance upon the human race. Hitherto hand organs have required a new cylinder for a wailed number of pieces. This wicked artifice has contrived to aggravate the nuisance by the insertion of a slip of paper. Variety is secured at small expense, and every barrel-organ, music box and orchestra can increase its repertory to the torment of nerves and the ruin of music. The paper being properly perforated, the keys on an adjoining cylinder move the keys in accordance with the holes presented to them and the tune is produced.

A young lady at a ball at Dublin Castle displayed her charms so freely that a looker-on turned to Chief Justice Doherty with "Did you ever see the like of this beauty you were born?" "Well," said the judge, "not since I was weaned."

Encouragement for the Feeble.

So long as the failing embers of vitality are capable of being re-kindled into a warm and genial glow, just so long there is hope for the weak and emaciated invalid. Let him not, therefore, despond, but derive encouragement from this and from the further fact that there is a restorative most potent in renewing the dissipated powers of a broken down system. Yes, thanks to its unexampled tonic virtues, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is daily reviving strength in the bodies and hope in the minds of the feeble and nervous. Appetite, refreshing sleep, the acquisition of flesh and color, are blessings attendant upon the reparative processes which this priceless invigorant speedily initiates and carries to a successful conclusion. Digestion is restored, the blood fertilized and entrance afforded to each life-sustaining organ by the Bitters, which is, in offensive even to the feminine palate, vegetable in composition and thoroughly safe. Use it, and regain vigor!

MISCELLANEOUS.

Heating and Ventilation.

First Premium CENTRAL EXHIBITION.

Boylton's Furnaces.

For Hard or Soft Coal or Wood.

30,000 IN USE.

RICHARDSON, BOYNTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

84 Lake St., Chicago, Ills.

For Sale by G. M. HANCOCK.

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FOR SALE.

My residence, will take in exchange a smaller house on part payment. This is a chance to get a home. ROYAL WOOD.

my2d1t

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Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended as giving greater value in proportion to price charged. Also the religious and agricultural journals, very complete list, and France in various newspapers, and much other information which a beginner in advertising would do well to possess. Address: C. F. ROWELL & CO., Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

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DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.

FOR DISEASES OF LIVER, STOMACH & BOWELS.

For Pamphlets address Dr. Sanford, New York.

PIANO.

Beautiful Squ. Grand Pianos, price \$1,000, only \$275. Grand Pianos, price \$1,000, only \$275. Grand Pianos, price \$1,000, only \$275.

Organ \$100. Beautiful Organ, price \$340, only \$95. Grand Organ, price \$500, only \$145. Grand Organ, price \$500, only \$145.

Best Organs for Churches and Schools. Address: DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, D. C.

SWEET JACKSON'S NAVY CHEWING TOBACCO.

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for best chewing tobacco and lasting flavor.

For Agents address: J. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

25. Fancy cards, Snowflakes, Damasks, assorted in 25 styles, with name, 10cts. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

All Persons

Owing me, either by note or book account, are hereby notified that such notes or accounts are now in the hands of Mr. J. H. Wingate, No. 39, West Milwaukee Street, opposite Corn Exchange, and that he is authorized to receive the same and receipt therefor. And that all such notes or accounts not paid on or before October 1st, 1878, will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection, when they will be sued at once.

Immediate payment will save costs.

ISAAC FARNSWORTH,

Janesville, Wis., September 4th, 1878.

Teachers' Examinations

FIRST DISTRICT, ROCK COUNTY.

FALL OF 1878.

Examinations will be held as follows:

At Evansville, September 10 and 11.

At Rock River Schoolhouse, Sept. 17 and 18.

At Fulton, September 15, 20 and 21.

At Newark Center, September 24 and 25.

At Watrous, September 26, 27 and 28.

At Footville, October 16, 17 and 18.

Examinations in each case will commence at 9 o'clock, a. m. Be punctual at the appointed hour.

All persons intending to teach in this district, desiring to be examined, are expected to attend one of the public examinations. Do not ask for reasons, licenses, or permits, as they usually bespeak deficiency for the parties thus applying. No private examinations will be granted.

The first day of November, and then only in strict conformity to the letter of the law.

There will be no regular organized Teachers' Institute this fall in this district, exercises of importance and interest to teachers will be presented in connection with the examination. Come prepared to take a part. A Teachers' Meeting will be held at Janesville, September 18, 19 and 20, conducted by Prof. A. H. Sprague, assisted by some of the experienced teachers of the district. A lecture may be expected on the evening of Sept. 19. Let there be a general rally of teachers. Examinations and institute exercises are public, and all interested are invited to be present. District officers are especially urged to attend, as teachers to a position; while those who are unwilling to spend time and money to qualify themselves, or will make no sacrifice of their own ease to become successful teachers, are hardly worthy of their patronage.

TO DISTRICT CLERKS.

The correctness and completeness of our Annual School Report depend wholly upon the interest you manifest in the matter. Will you please give it your earnest and careful attention. J. W. WEST, District Office.

Evansville, Aug. 5, 1878.

District Clerks will please post this notice on the law books.

my12d1t

FOR SALE.

My residence, will take in exchange a smaller house on part payment. This is a chance to get a home. ROYAL WOOD.

my2d1t

THE SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Published every Tuesday and Friday, at \$3.00 per year, in advance.

The Weekly Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
Is the largest Weekly newspaper in Wisconsin.

Per year, in advance, \$1.50
Six months, in advance, 1.00
An extra copy sent for one year to any persons procuring a subscription of three years.

Address, GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.
Trains at Janesville station.

ARRIVE.
From Monroe, Chicago & East, 5:30 a.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 1:30 p.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 4:30 p.m.
From Monroe (Freight), 1:05 p.m.
DEPART.
For Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 5:30 a.m.
For Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 12:10 p.m.
For Madison, Prairie du Chien, St. Paul, 3:30 p.m.
For Monroe (Freight), 7:45 p.m.
W. M. B. NOYES, Agent.
J. V. C. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass'g Agent.

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.
Trains at Janesville station.
ARRIVE.
From Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 1:30 p.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 4:30 p.m.
From Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 7:30 p.m.
DEPART.
For Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 5:30 a.m.
For Chicago, Milwaukee & East, 12:10 p.m.
For Madison, Prairie du Chien, St. Paul, 3:30 p.m.
For Monroe (Freight), 7:45 p.m.
W. M. B. NOYES, Agent.
J. V. C. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass'g Agent.

WESTERN RAILROAD.

FROM CLINTON JUNCTION.
10:00 A. M.—Going West, mail and passenger for Rock Island and intermediate points.
10:15 P. M.—Going East, mail and passenger for Rock Island, making connections with Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R. at Western Union Junction.
3:30 P. M.—Going East, passenger for Racine, connection as above.

Post-Office—Summer Time Table.

Mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:
Chicago and Way, 1:30 p.m.
Madison, Milwaukee and East, 1:40 a.m.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton and Watertown Junctions, 7:00 a.m.
Chicago and Way, 9:00 a.m.
Madison and Way, 9:00 a.m.
Milwaukee and Way, 1:50 p.m.
Chicago and Way, 5:30 p.m.

OVER-LAND MAILS ARRIVE.

Centre and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by, 12:00 p.m.
Burlington, Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays by, 12:00 p.m.
East Troy, via Johnson, Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays by, 6:00 p.m.
Beloit stage, 11:00 a.m.

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Madison and Milwaukee, 8 p.m.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton and Watertown Junctions, 8:00 p.m.
Chicago and Way, 2:00 p.m.
All points East, West and South of Chicago via Milwaukee Junction, 5:30 p.m.
Chicago and Way, including Milwaukee, Northern Michigan and Northern Iowa, 1:10 p.m.
Madison and Way, 11:50 a.m.
West, Madison, via M. & P. D. C. R. W., including Northern Iowa, 8:30 p.m.
Madison, Broadhead and Way, 7:15 p.m.
Rockford, Freeport and Way, 2:00 p.m.

OVER-LAND MAILS CLOSE.

Beloit stage by, 4:30 p.m.
Centre and Leyden, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays at, 2:00 p.m.
East Troy, via Johnson, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays at, 7:00 a.m.
Madison, Broadhead and Way, 7:15 p.m.
Rockford, Freeport and Way, 2:00 p.m.

POST-OFFICE HOURS.

Daily from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. On Sundays from 12:00 to 1:00 p.m. Mail delivery is made from 8:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m., and from 1:00 to 5:00 p.m., except during the distribution of the newspapers, stamped envelopes, postal cards and Wrappers for sale at East front window from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Orders for stamped envelopes with return card printed thereon, should be left at the Money order Department.

FROM OVER THE BORDER.

HAMILTON, Ontario, Canada, Sept. 2, 1878.—Are you a traveler, pleasure bound? If so, take Hamilton in your route. The city will please you, and though an "American" will occasionally fall in with a snobbish Canadian who imagines himself English, and "once superior, the citizens are polite, well-informed, social and agreeable. The population of 35,000 people is composed mostly of Canadians, Scotch, English, Americans, as they call all United States people, Irish and a few German—a cosmopolitan city. Most Americans, as a friend remarked to me, begin to draw on their overcoats as soon as you speak the word Canada. In the States, they having an idea this is all a frozen country. The average temperature of Hamilton, during the summer months, is given as about 80° in the shade. Fine peaches, grapes, plums, pears, apples, etc., are grown in the fruit region immediately east of here in abundance, as this portion of the Dominion lies in one of the finest valleys in the country. Indeed, though some affect to so much despise the "Yankee," I see some enterprising spirits are delighting themselves over the fact that at Grimsby, about twenty miles east of this, American genius and observation has proven by actual experience, that sugar cane will grow, flourish and mature in the Niagara peninsula; i. e., the peninsula lying between the east end of Lake Erie and the western extremity of Lake Ontario. This sugar had been brought to an average height of over 13 feet, five acres of the succulent cane, which yields its sweetness as surely as though it were grown in the Georgia-land of perpetual sunshine.

As a church-going community I have seen the equal of this city. I have thought Janesville quite a model town in this respect, but Hamilton bears away the palm. There are of denominational houses of worship: Methodist, Presbyterians, seven; English, Episcopal, five; Baptist, four; Congregational, three; Roman Catholic, three; and five or six others. There is a flourishing college here called the Wesleyan Female College, which enters upon its eighteenth year on its opening day, September 2d.

The Governor and Principal for the ensuing year, is the Rev. Alex. Burns, L.L.D., who is regarded as a distinguished scholar and a superior educator. He comes here from the Simpson Centenary College, of Iowa. Rev. W. P. Wright, M. A., who is the Professor of Natural Sciences, was for some time a student at Evanston, Illinois. Wisconsin has at least one representative among the more; while Texas and other States delegate their daughters to this favorite institution.

Six miles down the bay from this city a strip of land runs out dividing the bay from Lake Ontario. Advantage is taken of this highway over the Lake to the Hamilton & Northwestern Railroad Company, whose road, running northwest, here crosses upon Nature's pathway between the waters. Burlington canal is cut through this belt of land, and this opening of the Bay into the Lake is spanned by a fine drawbridge, 372 feet span. This bridge is said to be the longest bridge in the world. It is opened and closed by steam power. The Hamilton & Northwestern Railroad Company are very justly proud of their beautiful bridge, and especially so, I think, because it was built in this city. This strip of land referred to which the Hamilton & Northwestern Railroad again unites, is the extension of a long and gradually narrowing beach, with Lake Ontario on one side and Burlington Bay on the other. Upon the beach not far from the bridge is a fine hotel, which is becoming a great resort for strangers as well as for citizens. Trains of cars run

past the door almost every hour, and excursion steamers run down from the city and back almost constantly. All in-coming steamers from Toronto and east must pass the pier at this point, and as cottages and watering-place improvements are fast multiplying at "The Beach," the Hood Brothers, of this city, who are also running the Ocean House at the Beach, prophesy this will be the "Long Branch" of Canada. Whereat the people say amen. The air is healthy, and the fishing, and boating facilities are excellent and the bathing on both the Lake and Bay unsurpassed. And they have this advantage from the situation, when the Lake is rough from the direction of the wind on one side the Bay is smooth, and vice versa. A few days ago, about fifteen thousand persons were gathered in and about the "Ocean House," upon the piers and shores, and upon steamboats, yachts, row-boats, etc., to witness an exciting regatta. Staid and steady Americans will hardly credit the fact that a large number of business houses in this city closed about 2:30 o'clock p.m., that employees might attend the regatta. Well, it was a scene well worth it from an artistic point of view. The Bay, a perfect basin lying enclosed at the feet of bluffs quieted down from the breezy rippling of the day into a mirror-like repose. A long line of vessels and boats of all sizes and kinds were lying upon each side of the course, forming a waterway over which the oarsmen were to test their skill, each vessel affording an opportunity for each number to get a rear view of the race; four or five steamers amid the number, lying like giants at rest. These long lines of vessels, the piers and shores black with human life, presented a scene of picturesque beauty which the declining sun lingers upon as though loth to drop behind the hills and leave unswept by his all-revealing eye. The sun had scarcely disappeared when one after another eight oarsmen shot out from the shore like arrows from the bow, over the water for the starting point, which was in full view of the thousands who stood breathlessly awaiting the muscle contest. Moralize as we may upon the folly of it, the moment when the eight bent to the oars to the word "go" was exciting. The contestants in their light and almost submerged "cigars" seemed merely to sit upon the waters and flap their oar-y wings as they flew on down the course, "two miles with a turn," out of sight. But soon they hove in sight once after another, and the multitudes shouted and the waves waved and dipped and waved, and G. R. Hasmer came in winning. Five of the contestants were from the States and three from the Dominion.

While writing the above sentence a peculiar puffing and rattling drew my attention to the window, where coming in view was a steam monster, which may have its counterpart in the States but is new to my eyes. It is an upright engine carried by four heavy iron wheels, two immediately in front of the engine and running quite closely to each other, and two back far enough apart to allow the track of the front wheels to be within their own track. The rims of the wheels are so broad that the track rolled and smoothed by these crushers must be five or six feet in width. The street rolled by it is made smooth as a floor. I am told it is used in macadamizing roads, and I should think it would crush all before it as completely as the work of the juggernaut was ever done. The creature moves off as though it said, "I am monarch of all I survey."

All man-kind in the Dominion are just now in the fervor of pre-election days; protection and reform being the rallying cry, respectively, of the opponents. The average tariff is, 17 1/2 per cent, on American imports, and while the reformers propose to leave the tariff as it is, the protectionists strive for higher tariff. The election for members of Parliament occurs on the 17th, after which event business will return to its usual channels.

MRS. FRANK LELAND.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ELDRIDGE & FETHERS
LAWYERS,
Smith & Jackson's Block.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
We have \$10,000 to loan, in sums to suit borrower, on first class farms in Rock county.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

J. H. BALCH,

Justice of the Peace
Conveyancing Promptly Attended to
Agent Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. Co's
Land Office.
Office Postoffice Block, Milwaukee Street, Janesville, Wis., Up Stairs.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

SMITH & PHELPS,

Attorneys-at-Law.
Collections made, loans negotiated, mortgages foreclosed.
Office, Lippitt's block, cor. Main and Milwaukee streets.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Dr. Clara L. Normington

(A graduate of the Woman's Medical College, Chicago,) respectfully offers her services to the people of Janesville and vicinity.
Diseases of Women and Children a Specialty.
Office 19 West Milwaukee street, Tallman's block.
Office hours from 9 to 12 a.m., and 1 to 5 p.m.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

H. H. BLANCHARD'S

Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.
Special attention given to collections, and to the foreclosing of mortgages. All business referred to his care promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Office on Main street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

GEO. H. MCCAUSEY

SURGEON DENTIST
Office in Tallman's block, opposite First National Bank, West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Abstracts of Title

A. E. MORSE,
At the Office of Register of Deeds.
Will furnish abstracts of title to any lands in Rock county at reasonable rates; buy and sell real estate; pay taxes and negotiate loans.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Cassoday & Carpenter.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Jules, corner Main and Milwaukee streets, in Lippitt's block, JANESVILLE, WIS.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Dr. M. A. NEWMAN,

Dental Surgeon,
Office in Smith & Jackson's block, opposite the postoffice, Janesville. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Buy "Helper"

120 STYLES AND SIZES FOR ALL KINDS OF FUEL. THE INVENTOR, Ranges, Stoves, and Ranges. Ask your dealer for them, or send for FREE Illustrated Circular.
CHICAGO & ERIE STEEL CO., Limited
Office 42 & 44 Lake St., CHICAGO.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

VISIT the ONLY one PRICE SQUARE DEALING CLOTHING STORE In Janesville.



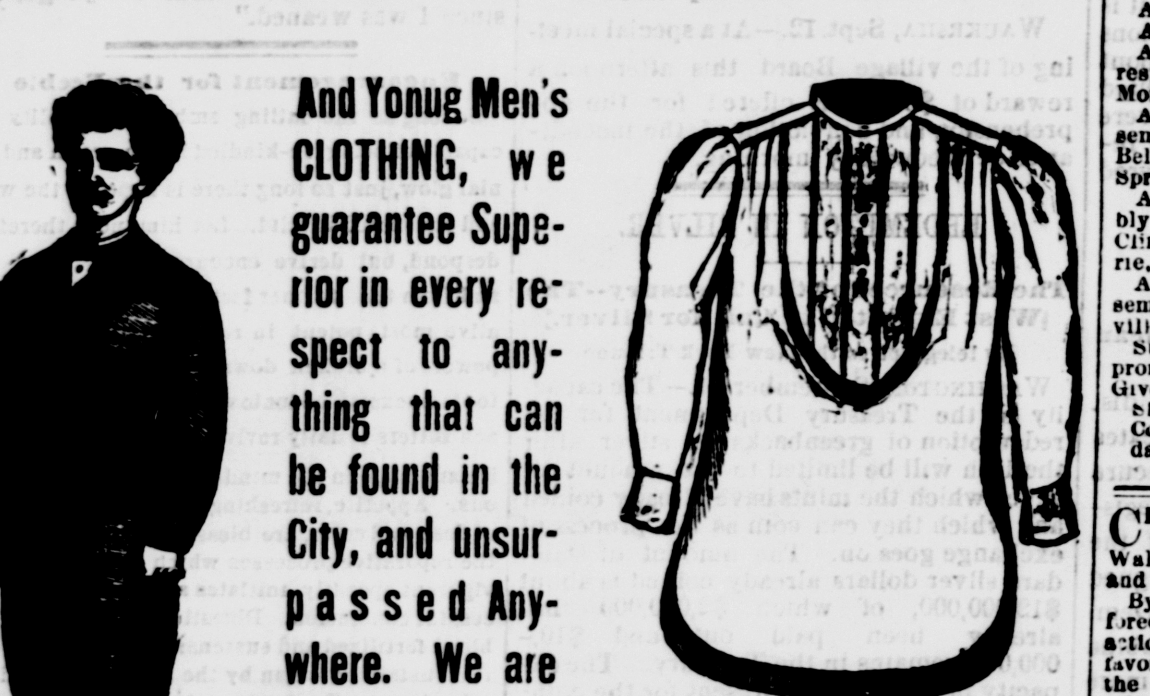
The Largest and Most Complete Establishment for The Sale of GOODS for Men's Wear!

Northwest of Chicago. We Have Just Received our Fall Stock of Ready Made Clothing.



Trunks, Traveling Bags!
And VALISES, and have no Competition in Janesville, on Strictly First Class Goods. One Price. and Square Dealing Every Time.

OUR BOY.



And Young Men's CLOTHING, we guarantee Superior in every respect to anything that can be found in the City, and unsurpassed Anywhere. We are Sole Agents for the "WILSON," the Best Made Shirt in the World. Laundered and Unlaundered, all Pices. Made to Order in any Style desired.

Garments Manufactured to Order in New York Style at Cross Roads Prices.

M. C. SMITH & SON,
One Price Square Dealing Clothiers.

BLANKS!

Constables' Accounts with Rock County at GAZETTE OFFICE.
To Justices of the Peace.

WATERPROOF COVERS

FOR HORSES, WAGONS, AND COGS. WILL NOT CRACK IN COLD OR STICK IN HOT WEATHER. SEND FOR CIRCULARS. COTTON DUCK ALL WAGONS & COGS. ALBERT HERRARD & CO. CHICAGO.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

Notice of General Election.

STATE OF WISCONSIN.
SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, at the General Election to be held in the several towns, wards, villages and election districts of the State of Wisconsin, on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday, being the fifth day of November, 1879, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Representative in Congress for the First Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Rock, Racine, Kenosha, Walworth and Waukesha, in place of Charles G. Williams, whose term of office will expire on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1879.

A Representative in Congress for the Second Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Jefferson, Dane, Sauk and Columbia, in place of Ulick B. Caswell, whose term of office will expire on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1879.

A Representative in Congress for the Third Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Grant, Iowa, La Fayette, Green, Richland and Crawford, in place of George C. Hazelton, whose term of office will expire on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1879.

A Representative in Congress for the Fourth Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Milwaukee, Ozaukee and Washington, in place of William F. Lynde, whose term of office will expire on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1879.

A Representative in Congress for the Fifth Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Dodge and Lincoln, in place of Edward S. Bragg, whose term of office will expire on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1879.

A Representative in Congress for the Sixth Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Vernon, Le Croy, Monroe, Jackson, Trempealeau, Buffalo, Pepin, Freeborn, Dodge, Eau Claire and Clark, in place of Herman L. Humphrey, whose term of office will expire on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1879.

A Representative in Congress for the Eighth Congressional District, consisting of the counties of Oconto, Shawano, Portage, Wood, Janesau, Adams, Marquette, Marathon, Dunn, Chippewa, Barron, Polk, Burnett, Buffalo, Douglas and Ashland, in place of Thaddeus C. Pound, whose term of office will expire on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the First Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Third Senate District, consisting of the counties of Racine, in place of Thomas A. Bones, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Fifth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Lincoln, Trempealeau, Vernon, Le Croy, Monroe, Jackson, Trempealeau, Buffalo, Pepin, Freeborn, Dodge, Eau Claire and Clark, in place of Isaac W. Van Schick, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Seventh Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Ninth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Eleventh Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Thirteenth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Fifteenth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Seventeenth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Nineteenth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Twenty-first Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Twenty-third Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Twenty-fifth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Twenty-seventh Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Twenty-ninth Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

A State Senator in the Thirty-first Senate District, consisting of the counties of Dodge, Kewaunee, Lincoln and Shawano, in place of John C. Trimmer, whose term of office will expire on the first Monday of January, A. D. 1879.

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Attention N!!

Money saved by carefully reading the following announcement, and money saved is the same as money made.

VICTORIA KID GLOVES!

In 2 Buttons and all colors at \$1.00 per pair. The lowest price ever known for this quality of KID on this side of the Atlantic. "VICTORIA" is one of the most celebrated brands of KID GLOVES in the world and are sold everywhere at the uniform price of \$1.50 per pair. We have now reduced them to the low price of \$1.00 per pair to close out, and as our stock will not be replenished those wishing to make selections should CALL AT ONCE.

Special Sales of Linen Suits!

TO MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP of our stock of LADIES' LINEN SUITS before the opening of the fall trade we offer the following extraordinary inducements to buyers: Linen Suits sold by us during the early part of the season at \$10.00 out down 50 per cent, and now only \$5.00; LINEN SUITS sold at \$8.00 out down in the same proportion and now only \$4.00. LINEN SUITS sold at \$5.00 out down 40 per cent, and now only \$3.00. These figures are about one-half the regular and usual price of LINEN SUITS.

CORSETS!

We have just opened an Elegant Line of Novelties in CORSETS comprising some special brands of unequalled merit at very low prices. We wish to draw the attention of the Ladies more especially to our

DOLLAR CORSET!

Which we guarantee superior to anything in the State for the money. We offer the CELEBRATED NEOMA CORSET, At 50 Cents acknowledged to be without a rival in America, and full lines of such standard brands as the EUREKA, TUTTLE B. B., and American Beauty, &c., &c.

Dress Goods!

In accordance with our usual custom at this season of the year we have determined to close out our surplus stock of Dress Goods without regard to either cost or value and to this end we have this day cut down the price of about 100 different styles of Dress Fabrics to merely nominal figures so that anybody and everybody can afford to supply themselves abundantly without feeling the expense. Call and examine the splendid array of bargains now on exhibition in our Dress Goods Department.

White Goods

We wish to call the special attention of housekeepers to the magnificent attractions now offered by us in

Linens, Lawns, Cambrics, Muslins, and Jaconets!

Table Linens 25 and 37 1-2 cents per yard and our extra fine quality at 50 cents per yard. Fine Bleached Table Linens in Damask and a variety of rich and beautiful designs at \$1.00 per yard—the best value ever offered in the city.

Victoria Lawns & Children's Cloakings

HOSIERY AND GLOVES!

An enormous stock comprising every imaginable brand and make in the world at every price from 5 cents upwards. Children's Plain and Fancy Hose from 5 to 50 cents per pair. Men's Plain and Fancy Half Hose at every price from 5 cents to \$1.00 per pair. An elegant line of Ladies' Lace Mitts at the lowest prices ever known.

HANDKERCHIEFS

All Pure Linen Hem Stitched Handkerchief 2 1-2 inch border at 15 cents. We sold 50 dozen of those handkerchiefs during the past week.

LADIES' TIES.

100 dozen Ladies' Ties at 5 cents each.
500 dozen Ladies' Ties at 10 cents each.
500 dozen Ladies' Ties at 15 cents each.
500 dozen Ladies' Ties at 25 cents each.

Ladies Neck Wear!

We have just opened an immense variety of novelties in Ruchings, Collarets, Cuffs and Collars at still lower prices. Our stock of these goods cannot be matched outside of Chicago or Milwaukee.

HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES

10,000 yards Edgings and Insertings at cost to close out.

Ribbon Counter.

Call and note the wonderful bargains displayed on this counter. A splendid quality of Ribbon only 2 1-2 cents per yard.

HAIR SWITCHES.

The only assortment of the genuine goods in the city at about one-half the usual price.

MILLINERY.

We are now closing out preparatory to the fall trade our surplus stock of Millinery at an average of 50 cents on the dollar of our regular season prices. The balance of our trimmed hats are now being disposed of at an immense sacrifice to close out. STANDARD AMERICAN PRINTS is new and choicest styles at 5 cents per yard.

McKEY & BRO.
Mammoth Establishment 24 and 26 Main St., Sign of the Golden Sheep, Janesville, Wis.

